## Exponents

Overview: Scientists use exponents all the time to write very large or very small numbers in a very short space. It's like shorthand for long numbers. It's also easier to work with large numbers in exponential form.

## Materials

- Pencil
- Paper

Activity: Can you write a hundred thousand?
To write such a number, we have to know the number of zeros a hundred has, and how many zeros you'll find after the 1 in one thousand.

One hundred = 100 ( 2 zeros)
One thousand $=1,000$ ( 3 zeros)
So one hundred thousand is a 1 with $2+3=5$ zeros after the $1: 100,000$. To write this number in exponential form, write a " 10 " with a " 5 " as a superscript like this: $100,000=10^{5}$

Here is another question: Would you rather have a million billion dollars, or a billion million dollars?
Let's take a look: a million billion is written like this:
1 million $=1,000,000$ which is a 1 followed by six zeros $=10^{6}$
1 billion $=1,000,000,000$ which is a 1 followed by nine zeros $=10^{9}$
1 million billion is a 1 followed by $6+9=15$ zeros: $1,000,000,000,000,000$ otherwise known as one quadrillion, and scientists write this as $10^{15}$.

1 billion million is a followed by $9+6=15$ zeros, which is exactly the same as a million billion. So you'll take either one!

## Exercises

Write out each number long-ways (with all the zeros written out):

1. A thousand million
2. A thousand billion
3. Ten million
4. A hundred billion

Write the exponential form (ten and a superscript) of the following numbers
5. A thousand million
6. A thousand billion
7. Ten million
8. A hundred billion

Determine the exponents of the following number if written in the form; "ten and a superscript."
9. $10,000,000,000$
10. 100

## Answers to Exercises: Exponents

1. $1,000,000,000$
2. $1,000,000,000,000$
3. $10,000,000$
4. $100,000,000,000$,
5. $10^{9}$
6. $10^{12}$
7. $10^{7}$
8. $10^{11}$
9. 10
10. 2
